

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

VOL. XV., NO. 4448

PORTSMOUTH, N. H. WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19, 1899.

PRICE 2 CENTS

Chicago Meat Co.

NEW STORE
241-2 PLEASANT ST.

NEXT TO MARLBORO HOTEL.

Public Invited to Inspect Our New
and Modern Market.

* THE FINEST AND LARGEST LINE OF *
BICYCLES!

EVER SHOWN IN PORTSMOUTH.

We are making some extremely low prices on them.
Eight makes (twenty-five samples ready) for inspection.
SEE THE RACERS:—Cleveland, Trinity and Sterling.
Sundries cheaper than ever.

RIDER & COTTON.

It is Time You Selected Your Farm & Garden Seeds of
S. A. SCHURMAN & SON.

MARKET STREET.

Purchase one of our Combined Weeds and Cultivators.

TOWNSEND'S VICTORY LAWN MOWER
Ball Bearings The Best Make in the World
Boiled Wire and Poultry Wire a Specialty
A Large Line of Harnesses at Prices to Suit.
The Largest Line of All Kinds of Farming Tools in this Section.

Ladies Fur Capes
Renewed and Changed Over In The
Best Manner
And Also Made Stronger Than Ever At

JOHN S. TILTON'S,
18 Congress Street.

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO

- LAWRENCE -

Portsmouth's Swell Tailor

DO NOT FORGET THAT AT MOORCROFT'S

You Can Find the Latest Styles In

Ladies & Children's Footwear
At Prices To Suit All.

12 Market Sq.

THE USUAL EXCUSE.

Did Not "Holler" For Was Afraid He Would Stop.

A young lady from the country was suing her exsweetheart for breach of promise, and the lawyers were, as usual, making all sorts of inquisitive inquiries.

"You say," remarked one, "that the defendant frequently sat very close to you?"

"Yes sir," was the reply, with a feeble flush.

"How close?"

"Close enough so's one cheer was all the settin' room we needed."

"And you say he put his arm around you?"

"No, I didn't."

"What did you say, then?"

"I said he put both arms round me."

"Then what?"

"He hugged me."

"Very hard?"

"Yes, he did; so hard that I come partly near hollerin' out."

"Why didn't you holler?"

"Cause."

"That's no reason. Be explicit, please. Because why?"

"'Cause I was afeared he'd stop."

The court fell off the bench and had to be carried out and put under the pump for the purpose of resuscitation — Gold-en Penny.

MEMORIAL DAY COMMITTEES.

Headquarters General Gilman Marston Command, No. 6, Department of New Hampshire, Union Veterans Union.

PORTSMOUTH, April 18th, 1899.

General Orders No. 1.

The following committees are hereby appointed to make all necessary arrangements for the proper observance of Memorial day, 1899, by this command and auxiliary organization:

On Music, Orator and Services at Goodwin Park—John P. Tibbets, William H. Lear, John C. Stevens, Jos. R. Curtis, George L. F. Harriman, Patrick Gallagher, Frank L. Keyes, William O. Sides, George B. Blodgett, John W. Adams.

On Route of Procession—William H. Lear, Robert J. Churchill, Charles H. Muchmore, Charles W. Lolley, William H. Hampshire, Thomas L. Jose, Leslie Norman.

On Invitations—John C. Stevens, Charles E. Berry, Stephen A. Preble, George E. Sides, Samuel H. Pillsbury, Timothy B. Oliver, Daniel M. Foss, Samuel Hilliard, Patrick H. Quinn.

On Evergreen—Robert J. Churchill, Edwin O. Randall, Samuel Caban, Charles W. Lolley, Lewis Warren, Jasper H. Grant.

On Decoration of Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument—George L. F. Harriman, Jos. R. Curtis, Robert J. Churchill, George R. Raitt, William H. Ken-nison, Charles A. C. Gray.

On Flowers—Charles H. Muchmore, Moses Leighton, James Rutledge, Leslie Norman, John E. Fields, Alfred Constantinople, Hiram Tobe, Norman W. Earle, Daniel J. Wiggins.

On Decoration of Graves—Proprietors, Harmony Grove, Sagamore and Cotton cemeteries, John P. Tibbets, George L. F. Harriman, George F. Bailey, Stephen A. Preble, Edwin O. Randall, Charles W. Lolley, Robert J. Churchill, Charles H. Muchmore, William H. Hampshire, Thomas L. Jose, Leslie Norman, Jasper H. Grant, Norman W. Earle, Iris E. Parsons, Daniel K. Lovell, Moses Leighton, Asa Wilson, Hiram Tobe, Reuben G. Randall, Charles E. Berry, James E. Ramsey, Benjamin Goings, Richard H. Seawards, Robert Braxton, Matthew B. White, Joseph E. Felch, William H. Kennison, Timothy B. Oliver, Henry B. Haley, Samuel Hilliard, B. M. Field, John E. Field, Peter W. Neal; Catholic, North, Union and Newcastle cemeteries, William H. Lear, Carl Carty, James C. Donnelly, Patrick Gallagher, Michael Sheridan, Martin Garrity, Patrick H. Quinn, Robert Oliver; Episcopal, Point of Graves and private burying grounds, John C. Stevens, Francis R. Johnson, Reuben Wooster, Gravelly Ridge and Newington, Joseph R. Curtis, George L. F. Harriman; Greenland, J. L. Godfrey, Daniel J. Wiggins, Lewis Warren, Ryo, J. A. Monton, Gilman N. Varrell, Daniel M. Foss, Arthur L. Goss; Exeter, grave of General Gilman Marston, George R. Raitt; Concord, grave of Comrade J. F. Chandler, George L. F. Harriman.

The above named committees will constitute a general committee subject to the call of the colonel.

By order of
JOHN P. TIBBETS,
Colonel Commanding,
Jos. R. CUMIS, Adjutant.

PASCATAQUA ASSOCIATION.

The attendance at the Pascataqua association's meeting at Elm street chapel this forenoon was quite large and the address of R. Lucius H. Thayer, moderator, was of great interest and value.

Beginning, he asked in reference to the late utterance of Gov. Rollins, "Is Saul also among the prophets?" Commanding the spirit of the Fast day proclamation, he showed the falsity of its assumption as to any superior previous condition of religious belief or practice. Portsmouth was settled 48 years before it had a church, and then it had only nine members out of a population of 1200. Intemperance was common, everywhere, even in the church, and there was a low tone of thought and action. Sunday schools, Endeavor societies, Missionary societies, prayer meetings, systematic work for the poor and sick, all are comparatively recent. Christianity is gaining, both in quantity and quality in New Hampshire and everywhere — Exeter Gazette, April 18

CAPTAIN SCOTT D. JORDAN.

Captain Scott D. Jordan died at his residence at Pond Cove, Portland, yesterday morning after an illness with pneumonia which terminated in paralysis. He was 74 years of age and has been a resident of the Cape the most of his life, occupying the old homestead of his father.

He leaves beside a wife, two sons and five daughters, namely, Ralph H. of Portland, and F. M. Jordan of California; Mrs. Frank E. Jordan of Jerome, Arizona; Mrs. Lewis Bell of Camp Verde, Arizona; Mrs. W. C. Jordan of Portland; Mrs. S. H. Sleeper of Portland and Miss Ethel C. Jordan, who resides at home.

Mr. Benjamin Tetherly is critically ill at his home here with pneumonia, and grave fears are entertained of his recovery, owing to his advanced age.

Several of our citizens are looking anxiously forward to the time when the new steamer will be put on the South Eliot—Portsmouth route.

DOVER POINT.

DOVER POINT, April 18. Miss Kate Davis of Dover is the guest of Miss Muggie McGuire at the Piscataqua house for a few days.

W. H. T. — Mr. W. H. T. was yesterday on business.

Messrs. Harry Clark, George Lane and Charles Decourcey of Portsmouth were the guests of friends here at the Poliot last evening.

John Currier of Portsmouth was calling on friends here last evening.

David Ellis is in Portsmouth today on business.

Captain James H. Card was in Portsmouth yesterday on business.

SOCIAL ASSEMBLY.

A very jolly and select assembly was held in Peirce hall Tuesday evening under the management of Messrs. Curtis Call and George Magoon.

It was a private affair, admission being by invitation only, and those present had a most enjoyable time.

Miss Irma F. Wells presided at the piano very acceptably, and the following gentlemen were in charge of the floor:

Floor Mouser, George Magoon; Assistant Floor Manager, Curtis Call; Aids, George Lane, George Micott, William Allev and George Haussom.

REMARKABLE RESCUE.

Mrs. Michael Curtain, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement that she caught cold which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. She bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefited from first dose. She continued its use and after taking six bottles found herself sound and well; now does her own housework and is as well as she ever was. Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at the Globe Grocery Co.'s store. Large bottles 50 cents.

APPOINTED SPECIAL POLICE.

Nathan W. Lear has been appointed a special police officer at Goodwin park without pay and in the future will see that school boys are more careful in what they do while playing there. There have been numerous complaints made to Marshal Entwistle of boys throwing stones and doing other mischief and he is determined to put a stop to it.

PRISONER RELEASED.

Norman Stewart who was arrested yesterday by Officer Quinon for obstruing the sidewalk was released without trial.

To cure Constipation, forever, Take Cascara Candy Cathartic, 10c or 25c. C. C. C. fail to cure, druggist's refund money.

SOUTH ELOIT

SOUTH ELOIT, April 18th. Miss Nellie Cummings and Annie Spinney have secured situations in the Portsmouth shoe factory and began their labors there last Friday.

Albert Wetherbee and wife of Portsmouth were visiting relatives in town on Sunday last.

Henry Kennison and wife of Portsmouth were the guests of relatives in town on Sunday last.

Schools commenced in district No. 7 last Monday. The grammar school is taught by Mrs. Villa D. Cole and the primary by Miss Laura Dame.

Henry Johnson has greatly improved his residence in town by raising it up two feet, putting in a new underpinning and painting and blinding it.

Alfred Spinney is having two two-story bay windows put upon his house, which will greatly add to its appearance. Victor Junkies and Chester Spinney are doing the work.

Charles Badger of Newington was in town today with three two-horse teams, hauling hay from the Nat Paul farm, so-called. The hay brought four dollars a ton at the barn.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Knight, on Wednesday last, Apr. 12th.

Mr. Enoch Lewis passed away last Sunday at the age of eighty-one years, five months and five days. He leaves a wife, two daughters and one son to mourn his loss. Mr. Lewis was a good citizen and an upright man and the town is a loss by his taking away. The funeral occurs today, Wednesday, from his late home at 2 o'clock.

Mr. Benjamin Tetherly is critically ill at his home here with pneumonia, and grave fears are entertained of his recovery, owing to his advanced age.

Several of our citizens are looking anxiously forward to the time when the new steamer will be put on the South Eliot—Portsmouth route.

BOILING ROCK.

BOILING ROCK, April 18. Homer Smith, young man of 21, was critically ill at home at the village. A trained nurse, Miss Besaie Legre of Portsmouth and Drs. Hsien and Hawkes of this town and Berry of Portsmouth are in attendance.

Percy Drake of Rye and Miss Maude Emery of Portsmouth spent several days of last week with Ralph and Marion Hawkes at the Harbor, returning Sunday.

Lieut. Oliver P. Remick, U. S. R. M., retired, has returned to his home in Kittery, having been absent during the winter in Washington and New York. He is now working on a list of Revolutionary soldiers of his native town of Kittery and would be glad to receive any names that may have been missed, of soldiers or sailors from Kittery or Eliot in that war.

YORK, April 19, 1899. The Ladies Circle held its final meeting in the chapel Tuesday afternoon and evening. A picnic supper was served at 6 o'clock and during the evening the following program was rendered, each member of which received prolong applause.

Piano Solo.—"Tom O'Shaulls Warren" Miss Beulah Blaisdell.

Solo—"A Dream"

Miss Nola O'Brien.

Eclogue—"Kentucky Babe"

Banjo Duet—"Louisiana Hoe Down" Master Burleigh and Helen Davidson. Reading—"Dreams"

Miss Alice Stevens.

Graphophone Selections.

George Barrell of Harvard Dental college is spending a few days with his parents.

Mrs. Edward S. Marshall and Miss Edna Moody are spending the week in Boston.

York promises to be full of gayeties during the coming month. The dance at Clemente's hall, York Beach on the 3d inst., heads the list; a drama is being prepared to be given about the middle of the month; and an entertainment is being planned by the younger delegation, to occur sometime in May. The management or the dancing class have completed arrangements for the final assembly which will take the form of a May ball. This will be held in the town hall, on the 12th inst. Conservatory orchestra, eight pieces, will furnish music for the occasion.

The air throughout the harbor is redolent of paint, and an enumeration of the cottages which have received spring coats would reveal the fact that nearly all are rejoicing in their fresh and new colors.

It is indeed both inspiring and hopeful to walk through the streets of York Harbor and note the many and extensive repairs and improvements being made there.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

VITAL STATISTICS OF PORTSMOUTH

UNDER THE RED ROBE

For the month of February, 1899, as recorded by William H. Moore, city clerk, from returns made in accordance with the statute law:

BIRTHS

Date. Child to
1st. Kenneth and Mary J. Gillette, son.
2d. Herbert A. and Mabel Fernald, son.
3d. Patrick and Catherine Connor, son.
4th. Israel H. and Virginia Washburn, daughter, Emily.

5th. William M. and Etta Tucker, son.
6th. Edward L. and Mabel A. Butler, son.
7th. Theodore R.
8th. John and Elizabeth Barry, daughter.
9th. George E. and Etta French, son, Justin Dimick.

10th. William H. and Cicely Howell, daughter.

11th. Edward and Bertha E. Amason, son.

A Large Line Of THE FINEST NEW YORK STYLES FOR SPRING SUITING.

W. P. WALKER

Can Show You The Most Complete
Stock To Be Had In The City.

Look Over His Stock.

SEND US ONE DOLLAR

For this one dollar send us to us at 23-25-27-29-31-33-35-37-39-41-43-45-47-49-51-53-55-57-59-61-63-65-67-69-71-73-75-77-79-81-83-85-87-89-91-93-95-97-99-101-103-105-107-109-111-113-115-117-119-121-123-125-127-129-131-133-135-137-139-141-143-145-147-149-151-153-155-157-159-161-163-165-167-169-171-173-175-177-179-181-183-185-187-189-191-193-195-197-199-201-203-205-207-209-211-213-215-217-219-221-223-225-227-229-231-233-235-237-239-241-243-245-247-249-251-253-255-257-259-261-263-265-267-269-271-273-275-277-279-281-283-285-287-289-291-293-295-297-299-301-303-305-307-309-311-313-315-317-319-321-323-325-327-329-331-333-335-337-339-341-343-345-347-349-351-353-355-357-359-361-363-365-367-369-371-373-375-377-379-381-383-385-387-389-391-393-395-397-399-401-403-405-407-409-411-413-415-417-419-421-423-425-427-429-431-433-435-437-439-441-443-445-447-449-451-453-455-457-459-461-463-465-467-469-471-473-475-477-479-481-483-485-487-489-491-493-495-497-499-501-503-505-507-509-511-513-515-517-519-521-523-525-527-529-531-533-535-537-539-541-543-545-547-549-551-553-555-557-559-561-563-565-567-569-571-573-575-577-579-581-583-585-587-589-591-593-595-597-599-601-603-605-607-609-611-613-615-617-619-621-623-625-627-629-631-633-635-637-639-641-643-645-647-649-651-653-655-657-659-661-663-665-667-669-671-673-675-677-679-681-683-685-687-689-691-693-695-697-699-701-703-705-707-709-711-713-715-717-719-721-723-725-727-729-731-733-735-737-739-741-743-745-747-749-751-753-755-757-759-761-763-765-767-769-771-773-775-777-779-781-783-785-787-789-791-793-795-797-799-801-803-805-807-809-811-813-815-817-819-821-823-825-827-829-831-833-835-837-839-841-843-845-847-849-851-853-855-857-859-861-863-865-867-869-871-873-875-877-879-881-883-885-887-889-891-893-895-897-899-901-903-905-907-909-911-913-915-917-919-921-923-925-927-929-931-933-935-937-939-941-943-945-947-949-951-953-955-957-959-961-963-965-967-969-971-973-975-977-979-981-983-985-987-989-991-993-995-997-999-1001-1003-1005-1007-1009-1011-1013-1015-1017-1019-1021-1023-1025-1027-1029-1031-1033-1035-1037-1039-1041-1043-1045-1047-1049-1051-1053-1055-1057-1059-1061-1063-1065-1067-1069-1071-1073-1075-1077-1079-1081-1083-1085-1087-1089-1091-1093-1095-1097-1099-1101-1103-1105-1107-1109-1111-1113-1115-1117-1119-1121-1123-1125-1127-1129-1131-1133-1135-1137-1139-1141-1143-1145-1147-1149-1151-1153-1155-1157-1159-1161-1163-1165-1167-1169-1171-1173-1175-1177-1179-1181-1183-1185-1187-1189-1191-1193-1195-1197-1199-1201-1203-1205-1207-1209-1211-1213-1215-1217-1219-1221-1223-1225-1227-1229-1231-1233-1235-1237-1239-1241-1243-1245-1247-1249-1251-1253-1255-1257-1259-1261-1263-1265-1267-1269-1271-1273-1275-1277-1279-1281-1283-1285-1287-1289-1291-1293-1295-1297-1299-1301-1303-1305-1307-1309-1311-1313-1315-1317-1319-1321-1323-1325-1327-1329-1331-1333-1335-1337-1339-1341-1343-1345-1347-1349-1351-1353-1355-1357-1359-1361-1363-1365-1367-1369-1371-1373-1375-1377-1379-1381-1383-1385-1387-1389-1391-1393-1395-1397-1399-1401-1403-1405-1407-1409-1411-1413-1415-1417-1419-1421-1423-1425-1427-1429-1431-1433-1435-1437-1439-1441-1443-1445-1447-1449-1451-1453-1455-1457-1459-1461-1463-1465-1467-1469-1471-1473-1475-1477-1479-1481-1483-1485-1487-1489-1491-1493-1495-1497-1499-1501-1503-1505-1507-1509-1511-1513-1515-1517-1519-1521-1523-1525-1527-1529-1531-1533-1535-1537-1539-1541-1543-1545-1547-1549-1551-1553-1555-1557-1559-1561-1563-1565-1567-1569-1571-1573-1575-1577-1579-1581-1583-1585-1587-1589-1591-1593-1595-1597-1599-1601-1603-1605-1607-1609-1611-1613-1615-1617-1619-1621-1623-1625-1627-1629-1631-1633-1635-1637-1639-1641-1643-1645-1647-1649-1651-1653-1655-1657-1659-1661-1663-1665-1667-1669-1671-1673-1675-1677-1679-1681-1683-1685-1687-1689-1691-1693-1695-1697-1699-1701-1703-1705-1707-1709-1711-1713-1715-1717-1719-1721-1723-1725-1727-1729-1731-1733-1735-1737-1739-1741-1743-1745-1747-1749-1751-1753-1755-1757-1759-1761-1763-1765-1767-1769-1771-1773-1775-1777-1779-1781-1783-1785-1787-1789-1791-1793-1795-1797-1799-1801-1803-1805-1807-1809-1811-1813-1815-1817-1819-1821-1823-1825-1827-1829-1831-1833-1835-1837-1839-1841-1843-1845-1847-1849-1851-1853-1855-1857-1859-1861-1863-1865-1867-1869-1871-1873-1875-1877-1879-1881-1883-1885-1887-1889-1891-1893-1895-1897-1899-1901-1903-1905-1907-1909-1911-1913-1915-1917-1919-1921-1923-1925-1927-1929-1931-1933-1935-1937-1939-1941-1943-1945-1947-1949-1951-1953-1955-1957-1959-1961-1963-1965-1967-1969-1971-1973-1975-1977-1979-1981-1983-1985-1987-1989-1991-1993-1995-1997-1999-2001-2003-2005-2007-2009-2011-2013-2015-2017-2019-2021-2023-2025-2027-2029-2031-2033-2035-2037-2039-2041-2043-2045-2047-2049-2051-2053-2055-2057-2059-2061-2063-2065-2067-2069-2071-2073-2075-2077-2079-2081-2083-2085-2087-2089-2091-2093-2095-2097-2099-2101-2103-2105-2107-2109-2111-2113-2115-2117-2119-2121-2123-2125-2127-2129-2131-2133-2135-2137-2139-2141-2143-2145-2147-2149-2151-2153-2155-2157-2159-2161-2163-2165-2167-2169-2171-2173-2175-2177-2179-2181-2183-2185-2187-2189-2191-2193-2195-2197-2199-2201-2203-2205-2207-2209-2211-2213-2215-2217-2219-2221-2223-2225-2227-2229-2231-2233-2235-2237-2239-2241-2243-2245-2247-2249-2251-2253-2255-2257-2259-2261-2263-2265-2267-2269-2271-2273-2275-2277-2279-2281-2283-2285-2287-2289-2291-2293-2295-2297-2299-2301-2303-2305-2307-2309-2311-2313-2315-2317-2319-2321-2323-2325-2327-2329-2331-2333-2335-2337-2339-2341-2343-2345-2347-2349-2351-2353-2355-2357-2359-2361-2363-2365-2367-2369-2371-2373-2375-2377-2379-2381-2383-2385-2387-2389-2391-2393-2395-2397-2399-2401-2403-2405-2407-2409-2411-2413-2415-2417-2419-2421-2423-2425-2427-2429-2431-2433-2435-2437-2439-2441-2443-2445-2447-2449-2451-2453-2455-2457-2459-2461-2463-2465-2467-2469-2471-2473-2475-2477-2479-2481-2483-2485-2487-2489-2491-2493-2495-2497-2499-2501-2503-2505-2507-2509-2511-2513-2515-2517-2519-2521-2523-2525-2527-2529-2531-2533-2535-2537-2539-2541-2543-2545-2547-2549-2551-2553-2555-2557-2559-2561-2563-2565-2567-2569-2571-2573-2575-2577-2579-2581-2583-2585-2587-2589-2591-2593-2595-2597-2599-2601-2603-2605-2607-2609-2611-2613-2615-2617-2619-2621-2623-2625-2627-2629-2631-2633-2635-2637-2639-2641-2643-2645-2647-2649-2651-2653-2655-2657-2659-2661-2663-2665-2667-2669-2671-2673-2675-2677-2679-2681-2683-2685-2687-2689-2691-2693-2695-2697-2699-2701-2703-2705-2707-2709-2711-2713-2715-2717-2719-2721-2723-2725-2727-2729-2731-2733-2735-2737-2739-2741-2743-2745-2747-2749-2751-2753-2755-2757-2759-2761-2763-2765-2767-2769-2771-2773-2775-2777-2779-2781-2783-2785-2787-2789-2791-2793-2795-2797-2799-2801-2803-2805-2807-2809-2811-2813-2815-2817-2819-2821-2823-2825-2827-2829-2831-2833-2835-2837-2839-2841-2843-2845-2847-2849-2851-2853-2855-2857-2859-2861-2863-2865-2867-2869-2871-2873-2875-2877-2879-2881-2883-2885-2887-2889-2891-2893-2895-2897-2899-2901-2903-2905-2907-2909-2911-2913-2915-2917-2919-2921-2923-2925-2927-2929-2931-2933-2935-2937-2939-2941-2943-2945-2947-2949-2951-2953-2955-2957-2959-2961-2963-2965-2967-2969-2971-2973-2975-2977-2979-2981-2983-2985-2987-2989-2991-2993-2995-2997-2999-3001-3003-3005-3007-3009-3011-3013-3015-3017-3019-3021-3023-3025-3027-3029-3031-3033-3035-3037-3039-3041-3043-3045-3047-3049-3051-3053-3055-3057-3059-3061-3063-3065-3067-3069-3071-3073-3075-3077-3079-3081-3083-3085-3087-3089-3091-3093-3095-3097-3099-3101-3103-3105-3107-3109-3111-3113-3115-3117-3119-3121-3123-3125-3127-3129-3131-3133-3135-3137-3139-3141-3143-3145-3147-3149-3151-3153-3155-3157-3159-3161-3163-3165-3167-3169-3171-3173-3175-3177-3179-3181-3183-3185-3187-3189-3191-3193-3195-3197-3199-3201-3203-3205-3207-3209-3211-3213-3215-3217-3219-3221-3223-322

OUT FOR PLUNDER.

This is Aguinaldo's Sole Motive
In the Philippines.

IS A STRANGER TO PATRIOTISM.

Nothing Free or Noble About the Military Des-
potism We Have Established.

San Francisco, April 18.—A copyrighted special from Manila says: Aguinaldo's attempt to extort \$7,000,000 from the Spanish government, as a ransom for the Spanish prisoners he holds, is simply one instance of the system of blackmail which inspires the leaders of the so-called Philippine government.

Throughout the island of Luzon the "patriots" are plundering all who have wealth. I have talked with the Spaniards who have escaped into our lines this week, and they have all described a pitiless reign of terror, under which the common people are robbed and driven about like slaves, while Aguinaldo and his ministers and generals live in almost incredible luxury.

An English gentleman told me that he sat down to a luncheon of 33 courses in Aguinaldo's house. Meanwhile thousands of Aguinaldo's countrymen are starving. The insurgent taxes amount almost to confiscation. Cab drivers from Manila are commissioned as colonels. The former master now covers before his servant, who is glittering with gold lace.

Bands of leopards stalk through the great northern valleys, looting and destroying as they go. Old men, women and children are driven at the point of the sword to dig trenches for the lazy ruffians in uniform, whose safeguard is a system of rapine. This is the time our army is moving against, and these are the liberty-loving leaders for whose sake Senator Hoar and Mr. Carnegie and Mr. Cleveland would tear down the American flag.

Meanwhile, Aguinaldo struts about in his little, fortified camp in the valley of the Rio Grande, and makes oriental speeches, filled with false stories of his victories over the American forces and bombastic references to liberty, which is nowhere to be seen.

The whole scene of this farce would be worthy of the pen of a humorist, were it not for the fresh-made graves which lie along the lines of our trenches and the thousands of homeless native women and children who must suffer because Aguinaldo wants to wear a golden collar.

The Tagalo leaders have already demonstrated their utter unfitness for self-government, and their incapacity to understand the purposes for which civilized governments are instituted. They have had almost undisputed control of the great island of Luzon, with the exception of Manila and Cavite for 10 months. It is an indisputable fact, to which there are thousands of witnesses, that during this time the Tagalo government and its officers everywhere have oppressed and bled the people without mercy.

Since the outbreak of the present hostilities, the so-called taxers have developed into mere confiscators. Vengeance is wreaked upon Spaniards and Spanish property throughout the interior. Spanish families, including women and children have been kept in prison without accusation or trial, and their property has been confiscated. The government has been corrupt and tyrannical, and has shown a ferocious spirit of vengeance against private persons.

Aguinaldo and his friends have had a full opportunity of proving to the world and to the American people that he could give the inhabitants of Luzon something better than the Spanish government, but they have simply established a military despotism, and only the Tagalos have a vote in it. There is nothing republican, nothing free, nothing noble about it.

Before our troops were forced to fire on the lawless band of insurgents who opposed our lines, in spite of the challenge of our sentries, the commissioners appointed by General Otis to confer with the Tagalo leaders tried in vain to discover some spirit of moderation and real patriotism.

Colonel Crowder, the judge advocate of the Eighth army corps, says that the Tagalos were asked whether they would be satisfied with local self government under American sovereignty. Every conceivable proposition along these lines was presented. The attitude of the American commissioners was friendly and full of regard for the necessities, habits and traditions of the inhabitants.

But the more generous the offer of the Americans, the more arrogant and antagonistic was the spirit of the Tagalos. They wanted everything. The whole archipelago must be given up to them absolutely, to be ruled or ruined by a military government in choosing which none but a few Tagalo warriors had any voice.

While these conferences were in progress, Aguinaldo was hurrying on his preparations for war.

The attack on our army was the direct and immediate result of speeches made in the senate, and editorials in so-called American newspapers. Enormous sums of money have been spent by the agents of Aguinaldo in cabling these traitorous utterances to Hong Kong, and they are everywhere quoted within the insurgent lines as a justification for the shedding of American blood.

Aguinaldo is not fighting for liberty. He is fighting for power. The Tagalos are the only natives of the Philippine islands who have had intimate contact with the Spaniards. They have been corrupted. They want to rule the rest of the Philippines, as the Spaniards ruled them.

They have simply substituted native tyranny in the place of Spanish tyranny. To leave them in possession of the Philippine archipelago would mean a certain war of races. Those who have taken the deepest and kindest interest in the natives, who know them best, all declare that progress and liberty would be impossible under a Tagalo government.

YACHT CLUBHOUSE DAMAGED.

Boston, April 18.—Fire started from some unknown cause in the rooms of the Atlantic Yacht club at the end of Commercial wharf, at 8 o'clock this morning. Before the flames were extinguished, a damage of more than \$100 had been caused by fire and \$100.

MRS. GEORGE'S TRIAL.

State Rests Its Case, and Evidence For the Defence Has Begun.

Canton, O., April 18.—In the trial of Mrs. Anna E. George for murdering George D. Sexton, the state rested before the adjournment of court last night, and the defence began today with its long list of witnesses.

The state closed with the examination of Mrs. Mary Baron, who lived in the residence of Mrs. Althouse.

The defence will not indicate whether or not Mrs. George will take the stand. There is a strong intimation that the plea will be temporary or emotional in nature, superinduced by the wrongs said to have been suffered by the defendant.

The state failed to get the threatening letter admitted as evidence, the prosecuting attorney making a final effort for its admission before resting its case.

The court adjourned in the cross-examinations all testimony bearing on the relations between Sexton and Mrs. George, dating back in the 80's.

The opening hours today in the trial were devoted to the reading of deposit-



MRS. ANNA GEORGE.

tions in Sioux City, George's residence in South Dakota, when she was there to get a divorce from Sample C. George.

Objections were made to some of the matter, and there was a great deal of controversy between attorneys.

Charles M. Seelye testified that during the winter of 1889 and 1890, Mrs. George stopped at his hotel, in Canton, S. D., and that Sexton came there for a week. They were on friendly terms, and were often together.

R. E. Rudolph testified to having represented Sample C. George in the divorce case.

Cashier Brown of the Lincoln county bank of Canton said he had cashed \$450 in checks, on which the names of Mrs. George and Sexton appeared.

Robert Hunter and T. F. Ronayur of Sioux City testified that Sexton and Mrs. George registered as man and wife at the Booge House, Sioux City, Ia., Feb. 16, 1882. The signature was afterward cut out of the register.

Leslie M. Footh, clerk of a hotel at Inwood, Ia., testified that he had cashed some checks from Sexton to Mrs. George, while they were at the hotel.

DISFIGURED FOR LIFE.

Sad Result of the Explosion of a Gas Pipe Cannon at Haverhill.

Haverhill, Mass., April 18.—William Hubbard, 16, was disfigured for life by the explosion of a cannon last evening. He had a narrow escape from losing his sight.

Hubbard, who lives with his parents on School street, made a cannon with a piece of gas pipe. He fastened the pipe upon a block of wood, and used the wire in securing it.

Taking his cannon he went down on the wharf in the rear of the electric light station on Water street, intending to discharge it. The pipe was filled with charge of powder, and Hubbard placed a piece of paper over the hole near the end of the pipe. Next he put more powder upon the paper, and lighted the fuse. The paper and the powder burned out.

Thinking that the powder had been extinguished, Hubbard approached the cannon to examine it, when the cannon exploded with a terrific report. The gas piping was torn to shreds, Hubbard receiving the full blast in the face. He was hurled backward by the explosion. The employees at the electric light station hastened to his aid.

Hubbard was removed to his home on School street and two physicians were summoned. Examinations showed that the powder had penetrated the skin on his back and face deeply. His neck was completely covered. The powder was only filled his face and eyes, but also entered the mouth, particles being removed from the gums.

Hubbard suffered intensely from his wounds last night. Today his face is badly swollen. The physicians hope to save his sight, but admit that he will be disfigured for life.

ELEVEN MEN LOST.

Fishing Schooner Eliza Strikes on Rose and Crown Shoals and Is Lost.

Nantucket, Mass., April 18.—The fishing schooner Eliza of Beverly, Captain Hopkins, which sailed from Hyannis yesterday for fishing grounds, struck on Rose and Crown shoals at 1 o'clock this morning, and 11 of the crew of 14 were lost.

The three survivors landed at Siasconset in the schooner's dory this morning. They reported that the schooner is a total loss. The boat was badly damaged and they reached Siasconset with great difficulty. The names of the survivors are Gilbert Doane, Belver Nickerson and George Miller.

TENDENCY DEPLORED.

Kansas City, April 18.—About 400 German-Americans met at Turner hall last night and organized an association. Resolutions were adopted denouncing the tendency to create discord between the United States and Germany by misrepresentation and untruthful newspaper reports, and urging German-American citizens to do everything possible to "correct the evil effects of the attempts to antagonize the people of the two great powers."

THE STOCK MARKET.

Leading Quotations in the New York and Boston Markets.

Boston, March 22.—In the outside market c. money is quoted at 4 1/2 per cent and 1/4 money is nominally 6 per cent.

Stock Closings.

Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe 20 1/2

Bell Telephone 600

Boston and Maine 178

Cabinet 40

Cheers, Burlington and Quincy 14 1/2

Erin Tel. 35

General Electric 17 1/2

Pulman 1014

Sugar prof. 12 1/2

New York Stocks.

Louisville and Nashville 63 1/2

Albany 12 1/2

Allegan Pacific 6 1/2

Northern Pacific prof. 12 1/2

Northwestern 10 1/2

New York Central 14 1/2

St. Paul 12 1/2

Sugar Canes 22 1/2

Tobacco 4 1/2

Union Pacific 22 1/2

Western Union 94

VERDICT FOR PLAINTIFF.

Lowell, Mass., April 18.—The jury in the case of Charles Stanley vs. the Lowell, Lawrence and Haverhill street railway company, on account of injuries sustained July 31, 1898, returned a verdict this morning of \$1,000 for the plaintiff.

THE TEST THAT TELLS.

You Can Get All the Convincing Proof

You Want by Reading Portsmouth Papers.

When the reader wants any article of value he naturally prefers to deal with someone he can depend upon.

If mixed up in any law suit, a good, responsible lawyer is generally the first necessity sought.

If lost on the prairie, directions from a settler could be relied upon, those from a stranger would be doubted.

It follows in the realm of proprietary articles that Portsmouth people would naturally select that one article which has cured some neighbor people they knew, people who can be seen, spoken to and questioned about the results. The only proprietary article which gives this positive proof in the one endorsed by Mr. Arlon A. Ballou of 31 Maplewood avenue who says:

"I had something wrong with my kidneys for 8 months and the pain and annoyance kept increasing instead of diminishing. I got so bad that I could not attend to my ordinary occupation and had to knock off. In my back and over my kidneys there was a constant pain and any ordinary movement caused sharp twinges to shoot through my loins. During these attacks, when my back was particularly bad had urinary weakness that was very embarrassing and inconvenient. I thought Doan's Kidney Pills might help me and got a box at Philbrick's pharmacy on Congress street. I did not take more than half to before I was free from the whole kidney trouble. I felt no trace of it and I attribute all the change to Doan's Kidney Pills."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

BOSTON PRODUCE MARKET.

Meat—Cornmeal is firmer, on the position of the market: Barrel cornmeal, \$1.90; bag meal, 80¢/80¢; yellow granulated, 82¢/84¢/85¢.

Corn—Corn is in small offering here, with firmer prices: Track No. 2 yellow, 41¢/45¢; steamer yellow, 41¢/44¢/45¢; No. 3 corn, 43¢/45¢.

Oats—Oats are quiet and about steady in prices: Track fancy barley, 35¢/36¢; No. 2 clipped, 36¢/37¢; No. 3 clipped, 36¢/37¢.

Hay and Straw—Hay is firm: straw steady, Hay, 8¢/9¢; fancy jobbing 12¢, 15¢/17¢; ryegrass straw, 8¢/9¢/10¢.

Pork—Pork and lard are steady, with fresh ribs advanced 1/2¢; barrel pork, \$13/13 1/2¢; light backs, \$12; lean ends, \$14/15¢; fresh ribs, 8¢; corned and fresh shoulders, 6¢; smoked shoulders, 6¢; lard, 6¢; in pens, 6¢/7¢/8¢; ham, 9¢/9 1/2¢/10¢; bacon, 9¢/9 1/2¢/10¢; ham, 9¢/9 1/2¢/10¢.

Beef—Fresh beef continues quiet, with little change: Steers, 74¢/75¢; hindquarters, 9¢/11¢; forequarters, 5 1/2¢/6¢/7¢; loins and ribs, 11¢/14¢/15¢.

Mutton—Muttons and lambs are steady, with veal a little firmer: Springers, 5¢/5 1/2¢; lambs, 8¢/9¢; Brighton fancy, 9¢/9 1/2¢; muttons, 7¢/7 1/2¢/8¢; veal, 6¢/6 1/2¢/7¢.

Poultry—Poultry is quiet: Turkeys, frozen, 16¢/18¢; chickens, fresh, 14¢/16¢/18¢; frozen, 10¢/11¢; legs, 12¢; lean ends, 14¢/16¢; fresh ribs, 8¢; corned and fresh shoulders, 6¢; smoked shoulders, 6¢; lard, 6¢; in pens, 6¢/7¢/8¢; ham, 9¢/9 1/2¢/10¢; bacon, 9¢/9 1/2¢/10¢.

Beef—Fresh beef continues quiet, with little change: Steers, 74¢/75¢; hindquarters, 9¢/11¢; forequarters, 5 1/2¢/6¢/7¢; loins and ribs, 11¢/14¢/15¢.

Cheese—Cheese holds very firm: Round lots, 12¢/13¢/14¢; sage, 12¢/13¢/14¢.

Eggs—Eggs are firmer and fully 1/2¢ higher. The supply is small, and only about 10,000 cases have been put into cold storage, about 60,000 cases last year.

Quotations are firm: Western, 14¢/15¢; eastern, 14¢/15¢; southern, 12¢/14¢; nearby and fancy, 15¢/16¢/17¢.

Apples—Apples are firm: Baldwins, \$2.40, russets, \$2.60; spries, \$3.50/4.50; No. 2, all kinds, \$2.50/3.

Potatoes—Potatoes are steady: Aroostook and eastern rose, 20¢/21¢ per bushel; beetroots, 8¢/8 1/2¢; Green mountains, 8¢/8 1/2¢; Dakota red, 7¢/7 1/2¢; Jersey sweet, \$3.25/3.50; potato chips, \$2.50/2.75; Bermuda, 8¢/8 1/2¢.

Cheese—Cheese holds very firm: Round lots, 12¢/13¢/14¢; sage, 12¢/13¢/14¢.

Fruit—Fruit are firmer and fully 1/2¢ higher. The supply is small, and only about 10,000 cases have been put into cold storage, about 60,000 cases last year.

Quotations are firm: Western, 14¢/15¢; eastern, 14¢/15¢; southern, 12¢/14¢; nearby and fancy, 15¢/16¢/17¢.

Apples—Apples are

THE HERALD.

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as second class mail matter.

(FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS.

You want local news! Read the Herald. More local news than all other local papers combined. Try it.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19, 1893.

Philadelphia is waking up and the offices are to tender the crew of the Raleigh a reception.

From the star that is being made over the return of the Raleigh, what will it be when Dewey returns.

THAT ATTACK ON BOUTELLE.

In referring to the attack on Congressman Boutelle of Maine, the Boston Herald says:

The New York Herald on Sunday printed a long and, to those acquainted with harbor conditions in Boston, an extremely distorted statement of the arrangement made between the Fitchburg Railroad Company and the United States government for the joint construction and use of a wet dock, or slip, between the properties of the two interested parties, the Hoosac Tunnel dock and elevator plant and the navy yard at Charlestown. We printed simultaneously with the New York Herald an abstract of its account, which gave to our readers a tolerably clear idea of the basis of the accusation, and possibly the names of those who started it.

Any one who will visit the site of the proposed change, which is now precisely as it was when, in February last, Congress acted upon the matter, does not need to be told that, so far as the government is concerned, the property which it contributes to the joint agreement is of little existing utility. Separating the railroad company's wharves from the navy yard is a narrow water dock or basin, too small for the railroad company to use in loading the great transatlantic steamers that enter this port, and also too small for the government to advantageously employ in coaling its great war vessels. It was necessary, to meet the demands of modern craft, both for trade and war, to greatly enlarge this slip. The opportunity for an ocean steamer to load and discharge at one of its piers was of advantage to the Fitchburg Railroad Company; the opportunity for the government to have an ample, deep-water basin, by the side of which it could erect a modern coaling plant, was of obvious advantage to the navy, and for this purpose, after a careful consideration of the subject by competent experts, a trade was struck between the two parties at interest.

The government contributed—to be thrown into the proposed new wet dock—a part of its land; the Fitchburg Railroad Company made a donation of a part of its possessions. As a gift of the railroad company was smaller than that of the government, the former agreed, as an offset, to defray the expenses of dock construction, and in the arrangement it was further provided that at any time the exigencies of the navy made it necessary, the government was to be in a position to exclude the railroad company from its intended use of this dock. Furthermore, it was arranged that the commonwealth of Massachusetts, as part owner of the Fitchburg Railroad Company, should cede to the United States the land under water in front of the navy yard, and extending out to the new harbor line.

The Herald charged that deal was made by the Fitchburg R. R. and Congressman Boutelle for a money consideration and hints at all manner of schemes. The New York Herald has a reputation for reliability second to no other paper but the Herald believes that in this instance it has gone out of the way to do Secretary Long and Congressman Boutelle a great injustice. Secretary Long in advocating the improvement at Boston did what any other would do for his own state and what was for the interest of the government as well. No one believes that Mr. Boutelle would have anything to do with any business that was not strictly in the line of right and for the best interests of the government and this is the first time that he has been attacked in such a manner. He is to well known to suffer from the criticisms in the Herald. The entire affair is unfortunate and only fits in with the inadequacy of the Charleston Navy Yard as a station of modern times. The navy yard is used for commercial purposes and should be used as such. Senator Chenier recommended it for that purpose and he was Secretary of the Navy.

The public plant should be turned over to the navy and its expansion is Boston.

AMBUSHED.

A Portion of the Yorktown's Crew Captured

Result of an Attempt to Rescuse a Spanish Garrison.

Fate of the Missing Officers and Men Unknown.

ONE OF THE CAPTURED MEN BORN IN PORTSMOUTH.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The navy department gave out the following despatch from Admiral Dewey, dated at Manila, April 18th:

Secretary of the Navy, Washington: The Yorktown visited Baler, Luzon, on the east coast of Luzon, on April 12th, for the purpose of rescuing and bringing away a Spanish force, consisting of eighty soldiers, three officers and two priests, surrounded by 400 insurgents, many of whom were armed with Maxier rifles. Lieut. J. C. Gilmore was ambushed and captured. His fate is unknown, as the insurgents refused to communicate afterwards. The following are also missing: The officer previously referred to; Chief Quartermaster W. Walton; Coxswain J. Ellsworth; Gunner's Mate H. J. Hyatt; Sailmaker's Mate Vendig; Seamen W. H. Rynders and C. W. Woodbury; Apprentices D. W. Abenavil and A. J. Peterson; Ordinary Seaman F. Brisolz and O. B. McDonald; Landsmen L. T. Edwards, F. Anderson, J. Dillon and C. A. Morrisey.

Excitement in Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The despatch from Admiral Dewey caused much excitement. There was considerable delay, owing to the blindness of the cipher work. It was impossible to completely decipher some of the despatch. Lieut. Gilmore, the officer referred to as captured, was well known here, where his wife and family reside. He served on the St. Paul, under Captain Sigbee, during the Spanish war. He went to Manila last January on the Solace. The other men, William Walton, chief quartermaster, was born in Maaheim, Germany, and Ellsworth, the coxswain, enlisted at the Mare Island navy yard and was born in Portsmouth, N. H.

BASE BALL.

The following is the result of the National league base ball games played yesterday:

Brooklyn 11, Boston 7; at Brooklyn.

Baltimore 8, New York 4; at Baltimore.

Cincinnati 7, Pittsburg 5; at Cincinnati.

Washington 6, Philadelphia 4; at Washington.

The Louisville-Chicago game was postponed on account of wet grounds.

THREE WERE KILLED.

MANCHESTER, April 18.—A special to the Union from Berlin, states that at Bethel, Me., an accident occurred this afternoon whereby three men lost their lives.

One of the engines of the Wild River Lumber Co. blew up near Camp No. 1, on the Hastings railroad, and instantly killed Engineer Henry Beaumont, Fireman E. F. Johnson and Brakeman E. Lamo.

WILL STOP AT PROVIDENCE.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 18.—Secretary of War Alger has notified Congressman Bull that his request that the captured Spanish gunboats, Sandoval and Alvarado, which are now en route to Portsmouth, N. H., to be repaired, shall stop at Providence, has been granted.

The date of the arrival of the vessels is dependent upon circumstances.

CLEARING THE COUNTRY.

HONG KONG, April 18.—As the outcome of the recent fighting between the British forces and Chinese, opposite

Hong Kong, Sergeant Brown and one

private have returned home wounded.

The Indian troops are advancing toward

Deep Bay and are clearing the country.

The gunboats are assisting.

ON THE WAY AT LAST.

LOWESTON, April 18.—The United States

torpedo boat Somers is on board the

Atlantic transport line steamer Man-

hattan, which left London for New

York April 16th.

BOY DROWNED.

SOMERSWORTH, N. H., April 18.—Omer Negean, seven years old, was drowned in the Great Falls Manufacturing Co.'s reservoir this afternoon. He was playing on a floating piece of ice, which capsized.

THE BUFFALO AT SUEZ.

SUEZ, April 18.—The United States cruiser Buffalo, bearing a number of officers and men from Dewey's fleet, whose time had expired, arrived here today en route from Manila to New York.

SHOT TO DEATH.

CLINTON, ARK., April 18.—William Gordon, held on a charge of murder, was shot to death in his cell this evening by a mob of fifty masked men.

FOURTEEN WERE KILLED.

BILBAO, SPAIN, April 18.—Fourteen men were killed today by a premature explosion during blasting operations on the railroad.

TANNERY BURNED.

BANGOR, ME., April 19.—The U. S. Leather Co.'s tannery at Lincoln was burned at one o'clock this morning, destroying a loss of \$15,000.

IN BOSTON MARKETS.

Trade in Flour Is a Little Better.—The Produce Quotations.

BOSTON, April 18.—The net results of the week's trading in flour have been a little better than in immediate preceding weeks. When wheat was at its highest point in the middle of the week and bade fair to stay, buyers of flour showed more disposition to operate and before millers advanced their selling limits to correspond with the improvement in wheat quite a little flour was sold, mostly to some consumers, exporters not coming forward with any eagerness and purchasing very little. Some of the leading mills have made sales that aggregate several thousand barrels, but in all instances individual buyers took small lots, not having confidence enough in the general situation to buy freely at the prices quoted.

At other leading distributive points of the country there has been more doing also, so that the Minneapolis mills report sales for the week of 315,000 barrels compared with sales of 340,000 barrels in the previous week. Duluth, Milwaukee and milling cities report some increase in the demand and sales.

Perhaps the most significant feature of the trading is the continued conservatism of buyers, which admitted of but limited operations in every instance and put a stop to all buying in the last few days of last week, when wheat showed less firmness than formerly.

It is evident that jobbers and other domestic consumers have not yet become convinced that current conditions warrant current values either for wheat or flour. All are waiting, as they have for some time past, for steadier markets and something more tangible with which to judge of the future of the markets.

There would no doubt be larger operations under these conditions, as stocks in second hands are not very large.

The following quotations, covering the inside millers and the outside jobbers' prices are those made yesterday by the four trade price committees: Spring wheat patents at \$4.10 to \$4.75, spring wheat clear at \$2.50 to \$3.50; winter wheat patents at \$3.95 to \$4.50; winter wheat straight at \$3.70 to \$4.10, and winter wheat clear at \$3.50 to \$3.90 per barrel, as to quality and size of purchase.

—WHITE MEN ARE BARRED.

GUTHRIE, O. T., April 18.—Between 800 and 10,000 Indians belonging to the Cherokee, Creek and Delaware tribes, disatisfied with the conditions prevailing at their old reservations in the Indian territory, have emigrated in a body to Mexico, and, with a capital of \$425,000, will establish a union reservation on a tract of land near Guadalajara.

The self-explanted Indians declared that

they were tired of having white people

coming into their territory and dictating

how they should live, and that no whites

would be permitted on their new reservation.

—A GOOD THING WELL DONE.

New and pleasing ideas in advertising always interest. Nothing has appeared for years which is so attractive as

the Hood's Sarsaparilla advertisements,

utilizing proverbs and wise sayings as

headings, each followed by a little boni-

ty cleverly connecting the proverb with

the subject. Besides this, the quaint Jen-

sen italic type for the preliminary sen-

tences, finishing with a script slogan,

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

adds to the effectiveness. All this work

is running in over 7000 papers.

—STORY OF A SLAVE.

To be bound hand and foot for years

by the chains of disease is the worst

form of slavery. George D. Williams,

of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a

slave was made free. He says: "My

wife has been so helpless for five years

that she could not turn over in bed

alone. After using two bottles of El-

ectric Bitters, she is wonderfully im-

proved and able to do her own work."

This supreme remedy for foul diseases

quickly cures nervousness, sleep-

lessness, melancholy, head-ache, back-

ache, fainting and dizzy spells. This

miracle-working medicine is a godsend

to the weak, sickly, run down people.

Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50

cents. Globe Grocery Co., Druggist.

—ON THE WAY AT LAST.

LOWESTON, April 18.—The United States

torpedo boat Somers is on board the

Atlantic transport line steamer Man-

hattan, which left London for New

York April 16th.

TALL ADVERTISING.

She Figured That It Would Cost Entirely

Too Much.

"I was running a paper down in Tennessee then," prided the ex-newspaper man whose only work now is to collect what other people owe him in the way of rents and interest. "One of the few fine-looking women I find in the mountains of that region walked into the office one afternoon and said: 'Be yours the editor?'

"Upon being informed that I enjoyed that distinction she looked me over as though greatly disappointed, and then told a long story of petty domestic difficulties that had led to the disappearance of her husband about two weeks before. Now she wanted to put in a nice advertisement telling that he was forgiven and that she longed to have him at home. How much would I charge her?"

"Two dollars an inch," I answered. "Taking a pencil and a sheet of copy paper she figured laboriously for pretty nearly an hour. At length she tore the paper into shreds and was deliberately walking out of the office when I asked her if she thought the charge was too high.

"I don't reckon I know anything 'bout your bus'ness, sub. But I never see that much money, let 'lon' handlin' of it. Joe's worth it, but I couldn't never buy him back at them figgers. He's 6 foot 3 in his bare feet, sub. Joe is. At \$2 an inch I make it \$150. I'll just have to go out an' git his trall an' foller."

"I didn't even smile, gentlemen. There was something noble in her resignation. I advertised 'Joe,' got other papers to copy, and we rounded him up. One morning there was a ten-gallon keg of moonshine whiskey at my kitchen door, and I did not advertise for an owner."

—A Pathetic Letter.

The secretary of agriculture at Washington, has received the following pathetic communication from Bell County, Texas:

OUR GUNNERS' ACCURACY.

They rely on science in the firing of every shot.

The ordinary seaman of the present navy, who operates the small guns which compose the secondary battery of a battleship and are used only at close range, has taken the place of the old-time gunner, and he in turn has risen and is now a warrant officer, occupying a place between the seaman and the non-commissioned officer, having a mess apart from the ordinary seaman. He is not, however, eligible to advancement further than that of a gunner of the first-class. Below him are the gunners of the second class, formerly the gunners' mates, and the gunners of the third class, who in the days of the old navy, were known as the gunners' apprentices. In the old order of naval affairs gunners rose from the rank of ordinary seaman, and had as their only claim to their titles the skill in the point-blank shooting of the time, acquired by long practice.

Besides the cool head, steady hand and keen eye of the old-time gunner, the gunner of the new navy must possess a gunner's education, including not only a thorough knowledge of both common and decimal fractions, but also the use and application of the principles of algebra, geometry, trigonometry and trajectory.

He is taught first that to locate to a nicely the object upon which he is to train his gun he must observe it from two different points, and then having established a base line and the two adjacent angles, by the science of triangulation he finds the intervening distance. Many experiments have resulted in the formation of tables and the invention of mechanical instruments which make the calculation a matter of but a few seconds. These are based upon the science of trajectory, and enable the gunner to know in an instant at what angle to elev ate his gun.

Comparatively simple as this may seem with the use of the instruments and tables, it embraces in naval gunnery accurate calculations of the speed and direction of motion of the vessel carrying the gun, the speed and direction of motion of the target, if it be another ship, and the direction and velocity of the wind, not one of which can be disregarded if the range are overcome to a great extent by the shorter distance and by the high rate of speed attained by the projectile.

In the case of a moving vessel bearing the target, the range is determined by means of the range-finder and noted. After an interval of two minutes or a convenient fraction thereof, a second calculation is made. By the tables the distance in yards between the two points is determined, and this divided by the interval of time gives the speed. By another table, based upon the rate of speed attained by the projectile and the range, the distance which the target will have traversed during the flight of the projectile may be obtained, and the gun aimed at such an angle as to cause the shot to take effect as desired.

By another process, if the ship upon which the gunner is stationed be moving, the aim can be made quite as accurate, and to this exact reduction of the science is due the almost marvelous marksmanship of the Yankee gunners in the recent engagements in Cuban waters.

While our modern gunner must know thoroughly all this, he does not have the opportunity in an engagement to apply it. To the officers in the conning tower and in the turret falls the task of determining the ranges. This is usually done by the officers on board the flagship and communicated to the officers on board the other ships by means of signals. From them the gunner in the turret gets his angle, and by means of a lever and a scale elevates or depresses his gun as his orders may require.

Then comes the task which he alone may perform. Attached to his gun, near the breech, is a powerful telescope, fitted at the outer lens with a horizontal and a vertical hair, crossing at right angles in the centre. Through this he locates his mark, and having done so knows that his aim is true.

In spite of the exactness of the science if necessary, under unfavorable atmospheric conditions, such as fog or rain, to resort to the old method of trial shots. A smaller gun is used, and by means of a range-finder attached to its breech the range can soon be determined.

Then the gunner applies the knowledge which has given him his rank, and science does what the greatest skill of the old days could not.

On the old wooden ship with the bristling sides the process was entirely different. The gunner, though far inferior to ours of to-day, had under his charge guns numbering from four to eight, varying with the size and strength of his vessel, and by force of circumstances left the task of aiming them to the ordinary sailor, who, though without rank, was often in point of skill the equal of his chief.

The long range shot of the new guns, the one which enables the gunner nowadays to watch the course of the projectile and note the havoc it creates even at the distance of several miles, was impracticable because of the small power of the old smooth bore. The close blank shot and the broadsides were the ones upon which the old gunner counted for victory. Without the aid of science he sighted his cumbersome piece, while his crew stood ready with ramrod, swab, powder and shot. Minutes were consumed in the execution of the orders, "Load! To battery! Fire!" while now each order is expected to be executed in a few seconds.

Where ten shots whistled harmlessly about the ears of the enemy then, the modern gunner feels his disgrace keenly if by chance, in an entire engagement, one or two of his shots miss the mark.

The old gunner, who, as an ordinary seaman, still remains in the service of the modern navy, has learned long since that his time has passed, and as a naval writer has said of him, "he represents the supremacy of the sailor who knows the what of the art of war as thoroughly as his officers know its why."

How things change! Once a stamp tax caused a war; now a war causes a stamp tax.

MONEY IN SQUAB RAISING.

How They Are Produced in Michigan for the Eastern Markets.

The only squab farm in Michigan is located about three miles south of Grand Haven. Squabs are young doves, or pigeons, and are esteemed great delicacies in epicurean and midnight luncheon circles. There are several large squab farms in the East, and one near Toledo, but the only one in Michigan, so far as known, is at Grand Haven, and it is conducted by F. J. Bernreuther. He was for several years floor-walker in a large dry goods store, his health failed, and five years ago he took up squab-raising. It was originally a side-issue to his floor-walking, but he now devotes most of his attention to it. His farm comprises about ten acres of land, but only a small portion of this is given to the squab industry, the rest being planted to wheat and corn, which form the staple diet for the old doves.

He has a big cage of woven wire. It is 80x120 feet, and twenty feet high, and the doves are kept confined by the wire netting on the sides and above. On the north side of the cage is a long, low building, in which the doves keep house. The roof has a southern exposure and wind break, and here the doves sun themselves. The building is divided by partitions into rooms about ten feet square. These rooms are banked up on three sides, the above tier, with small boxes, and these boxes are the nests, where the eggs are laid and the young are hatched and grow to be squabs. The partitions, and boxes extend upward to the eaves of the building, and above the space is open from end to end, allowing free passageway for the doves and a roosting place for those not busy with domestic duties.

After the two pretty white eggs are laid, the male takes his regular trick at sitting on them during the twenty-one days of incubation; and when the young are hatched he does his full share toward feeding them. Four weeks after the young birds are hatched they become marketable as squabs. The birds are in full feather, but not yet able to fly. A fast of twenty-four hours is the prelude to the flight into the dove heaven. This fast is imposed not to make them weak in spirit, but to clear their crops of food. Then a sharp knife point opens a vein in the throat, and as the life blood oozes out the bird's brief career closes with a flutter.

While the flesh is still warm the feathers are plucked out, the crop is washed out, and the denuded body is thrown into a tub of water to cool. The next day it is packed in ice for shipment. The squabs, dressed for market, weigh about half a pound, and the great market for them is New York. This city consumes very few of them. There is only a small demand for them in Detroit, and Chicago, big and metropolitan as it is, is a poor market. Almost the entire product of Bernreuther goes to New York, and the shipments average three or four dozens a week the year round. The squabs command from \$1.50 to \$3.50 a dozen, and there is money in the business.

The best breed of doves for squab purposes is the homing pigeon. This is not due to any particular delicacy of the flesh, but to the fact that homers are the best breeders, are diligent in properly caring for the eggs during the incubating period, and keep their young well fed. But the squab farmer does not run much to fancy stock. Just plain, ordinary doves are good enough. They bring out six to ten broods a year, each of two doves, and often eggs are in the nest for a new hatching before the preceding brood has developed to the squab age. The doves usually rest two months in the year, but as there is no recognized season for resting, the market can be supplied the year around.

Breed and Feed.
"I think clover is a great thing for laying hens; but after all, I think there is more in the hen than in the fowl. Some of my neighbors with common hens and indifferent feed have had remarkable egg yields."

Cradle Rocked by a Mule.
"The last time I saw Wild Bill," said the ex-Kansas man, "was in Topeka in the fall of '74. He was wearing his old blue army overcoat, and at the hips were two big bunches where his six-shooters hung. He was walking down Kansas avenue when I noticed him. His brown mare Nell was tied to a hitching post in front of a store. He untied her, mounted, and rode down the street as hard as she could go. As he rode he swung half round in the saddle, pulled out one of his guns, and began shooting at the sign, 'Groceries' above the door of a little one-story wooden shop. When he was past and the row was all over some fellows who investigated found that all six bullets had struck inside the letter O in the sign. It was just a little exhibition of how he could shoot on the run for the amusement of whoever happened to be in sight."

A Big Henry.
A Hillsboro country (N. H.) man has no less than 7,000 hens in flocks of a dozen or twenty scattered about his farm of 500 acres. More than five hundred houses are required for their use. No males are kept, the business being entirely the production of eggs, which are shipped by the carload to Lowell and other markets. Feed is bought by the carload, a 15-horse power steam works being used for grinding it. One unusual plan in the arrangements is that none of the fowls are allowed "run" in connection with their houses. Fowls are turned off when two years old, pullets being brought to take their places.

A Malpe poultry raiser sets as many as one hundred hens at a time. An average of ten chickens to each is satisfactory. The man already has more than a thousand chickens."

Those who neglect hot weather duties in the poultry yard will next fall be claiming they "did not have very good luck this season."

How things change! Once a stamp tax caused a war; now a war causes a stamp tax.

CHARMED THE SAVAGE EYE.

Utility Garment of an Early Woman Settler Ticked the Redskins' Attention.

"It was interesting to notice the way in which the Indians looked upon early settlers around here," said the Kansas City old-timer as he lapsed into a reminiscent mood. "Each white family as it arrived and set about the task of making a home in the great American desert was scrutinized and passed upon, favorably or otherwise by these 'original inhabitants' very much as a newcomer nowadays is talked about and estimated by the good people of any little town in which he makes his appearance. To be sure, the Indians' standards were a little bit peculiar, but they applied them in much the same spirit of egotism that we do our own."

"For example, when we started West my mother, who was pre-eminently a sensible woman, who did not who refrained from doing things only on good and sufficient reason, soon saw that the long full skirts in vogue at the time had little to recommend them from an emigrant's point of view and adopted a garment consisting of a medium short skirt and substantial pantaloons, which she found quite suitable and persisted in wearing through several subsequent changes of fashion. Now, a few days after my father had completed the cabin which was our first home in Kansas a band of Indians from a neighboring camp called on us for purposes of inspection, as I have already said was their custom, and, incidentally, to trade for—or better, beg—any article among our belongings which might strike their fancy. My mother was, as usual, dressed in her 'utility' garment and this soon caught the eye of the Indians, who immediately, amid great jabbering of admiration, nominated her the 'white squaw' and from that time on showed our household many marks of esteem—preferment which had its drawbacks."

Everyday Geography.
We are making geography as well as history rapidly these days. An atlas a year old is away behind the times. The Alaska gold craze has made the old maps of that section almost valueless, and the indications are, that China soon will be nothing but a piece of patchwork. But the newspaper "to-day" are the geographers, and accurate maps appear in their pages almost as soon as the telegraph brings news of changes. The youthful mind has no difficulty in grasping these alterations because they are accompanied by movements which hold the interest.

The study is not of geographical topics heavy with the dust of ages, but of lands and people who attract attention because electricity keeps them practically at our doors. The newspaper supplements the textbook, and the combination fills the youthful mind with more valuable knowledge of things geographical than it was possible for our ancestors to acquire. Competent hands the good newspaper is the best supplement to geography ever issued, and the time is coming when no instructor will fail to put it to daily use.

Wild Bill's Marksmanship.

"The last time I saw Wild Bill," said the ex-Kansas man, "was in Topeka in the fall of '74. He was wearing his old blue army overcoat, and at the hips were two big bunches where his six-shooters hung. He was walking down Kansas avenue when I noticed him. His brown mare Nell was tied to a hitching post in front of a store. He untied her, mounted, and rode down the street as hard as she could go. As he rode he swung half round in the saddle, pulled out one of his guns, and began shooting at the sign, 'Groceries' above the door of a little one-story wooden shop. When he was past and the row was all over some fellows who investigated found that all six bullets had struck inside the letter O in the sign. It was just a little exhibition of how he could shoot on the run for the amusement of whoever happened to be in sight."

Kid McCoy is going to take a trip to London. It is said that he has received an offer to meet Jewey Cooke, the crack English middleweight, and has accepted.

Four Bezenals have helped make the Cincinnati pugilistic history. If there is another family in the United States that has furnished the ring with a quartette of pugilists it is not general knowledge.

McCoy has made about \$21,600 in a little over a year through his contests with Dan Credon, Gus Ruhlin, Tommy Ryan, Joe Goddard and Tom Sharkey—and he has got every dollar of it, too.

Billy Woods, who hasn't been heard from very often since the days of his family punches he got from Corbett out at Shaw Springs, N. H., has turned up at Butte, Mont. He claims to be the champion rope skipper of the world.

The Bierle Lamp.
The law compelling cyclists to carry lights at night is often violated, but only by riders not having proper regard for their own safety and that of others.

The bicycle, unlike other vehicles, is called the "silent steed." It approaches quickly, noiselessly, and being small, is practically invisible on a dark thoroughfare, unless carrying a lighted lamp. A bell does not always answer the purpose, as the rider invariably waits until he is nearly upon an obstacle before sounding his bell. A broad well reflected light enables the rider to avoid all obstacles and bad places in the road. Bicycle policemen are very careful to enforce this lamp ordinance, but it is impossible for them to detect every offender.

A Convenience for the Poor.
In Islington, one of the poorest parishes of London, there is a very wash-room, where a poor woman can bathe her basket of clothes and do her family washing with every convenience. The clothes are dried very rapidly by steam and the ice is only five cents.

HOW WILL THEY RACE?

Some Youngsters Who Have Been Brought From the Real Good Ones.

"It was interesting to notice the way in which the Indians looked upon early settlers around here," said the Kansas City old-timer as he lapsed into a reminiscent mood. "Each white family as it arrived and set about the task of making a home in the great American desert was scrutinized and passed upon, favorably or otherwise by these 'original inhabitants' very much as a newcomer nowadays is talked about and estimated by the good people of any little town in which he makes his appearance. To be sure, the Indians' standards were a little bit peculiar, but they applied them in much the same spirit of egotism that we do our own."

"There are, however, as is to be expected, a number of two-year-olds that partly from their ownership, partly from their breeding, and in some case from the prices they bring, as yearlings in the public sale ring, have engaged particular attention. Notable among these are the sons and daughters of Domino, that James R. Keen received at the Castleton stud, and the youngsters that have been brought East from the Great Bitter Root state which Marcus Daly has established in Montana.

Domino's stud career was as brief as his racing career was meteoric, in spite of sundry natural ailments with which he contended from the first. He was a great race horse but an unlucky one, and it is through the doings of his master that one must hope for his fame to be perpetuated. Mr. Keen is a good pair of colts by the finer-footed son of Hymir in Doubtless, a chestnut out of that sterling mare Lucy Wallace, and Disguise, a bay colt of the imported mare Bonnie Gal. There is a good deal of resemblance to the dead and gone Domino about each of them but there is considerable deviation of type, especially about the quarters.

Mr. Keen has not had the best luck in the world on the turf for the past few seasons, but he is not tired of tempting fate. His string is again a large one. In Runaway Girl he has a chestnut daughter of Domino, out of imported Fair Vision, that many good judges think may beat even the colts by the Futility winner.

Mr. Keen's stable is not confined to home-bred ones, and he paid some big prices for yearlings sold in 1898 at public auction. Among these was the chestnut colt Toddy by Hanover-Hot Scotch, for whom Milton Young, of the McLaughlin stud, got \$3,100. The get of Hanover has done so universally well—the get of this sire headed the list last year with over \$119,000 to their credit—that it may be hoped that Toddy will prove no exception to the rule and race up to the family average, as his appearance would lead one to expect.

The Bitter Root stud turned out some very good looking yearlings in 1898, a number of which Fred Mosson recently brought up from Montana. It is understood that the pick of these were sent to "Billy" Lakeland's stable on their arrival, and, anyhow, no trial has given me a better looker than St. Finian and Hampton.

These colts are indeed opposites at that. Hampton, who is a bay by imported Bathampton—Alice Hymir, looks the English thoroughbred all over. He is full of energy, is high in the air, and shows all the nervous excitability that so traditionally belongs to the blooded horse. St. Finian, on the other hand, has more of the solid strength and durability that the sire, Tammany, the yankee of Lamplighter, displayed, though his dam, Ayrshire Lass, is an imported mare.

SPORTS OF ALL SORTS.

T. J. Keenan, Jr., President of the League of American Wheelmen, has been appointed on the staff of Gov. Stone, of Pennsylvania, with the Lieutenant-Colonel.

A New England horseman has been out in Iowa, where he bought the pacer Bob Fitzsimmons, 2 24 1/2, that chased Klatamah a half mile in 1:01 1/4 in his race at Dubuque last summer.

A son of Wilkesonian, called Joe Thibrough, is regarded as a sure candidate for Grand Circuit honors. It is claimed that he, on more than one occasion, finished an eighth of a mile at a two-minute gait.

Ernest Morross, of Detroit, and

Worth Cummings, of Springfield, O., have completed arrangements to make a tour of the world on bicycles. They intend to follow closely the route of the McRath.

Kid McCoy is going to take a trip to London. It is said that he has received an offer to meet Jewey Cooke, the crack English middleweight, and has accepted.

Silent 50 Years; Now Cannot Speak.

Miss Experience Guilford, of Blue Hill, Me., made a vow more than half a century ago that if she were not allowed to marry the man of her choice she would not speak a word to any one though she lived to be fifty years old. Her father, and then her mother, died, and her home was changed several times, but throughout all this period she kept her word. The fifty years of silence was to have come to an end one day last week. The day was named for a reunion of the family. Three generations have grown up during these fifty years. Miss Guilford, dressed in garments she had not worn for half a century, and standing before her people, opened her mouth to speak. But though she made a violent effort, and grew red in the face in the attempt, she could not utter a word. Her vocal muscles had become atrophied from long disuse and refused to work. She is now undergoing treatment in a Boston hospital to restore her speech.

MARRIED to a Flower-Vase.

A damsel of Soochow, China, one Miss Hsu, a young lady belonging to one of the aristocratic families of the city, has married a red flower-vase, this vase being made a substitute for the son of Lu Jen-hsiang, Libationer or Vice-Chancellor of the Imperial Academy of Peking. The son of the Libationer died last winter, a few days before his contemplated marriage with the young lady, and the latter vowed that she would never marry, but an inmate of her brother's family, where she could observe her widowhood. Hence the marriage ceremony.

Estimates Cheerfully Given.

TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

IN A DEN OF SNAKES.

The Thrilling Experience of a Delaware Farmer.

John Walls, a farmer of Prime Hook Neck, in Delaware, was out in the marshes looking for ducks when he saw a large hole in the ground, and, seizing a long pole, he thrust it into the duck. Instantly the earth beneath the farmer caved in, and before he realized what happened Walls was in a den of wriggling, squirming snakes.

There were about 500 of the slimy reptiles altogether, and they began attacking Walls from every direction. Some of them, emitting a frightful hissing sound, came at him with their mouths wide open and attacked him with their venomous tongues. Others coiled themselves about his legs

SHIRT WAISTS

ARE NOW READY.

PIQUE, PERCALE, GINGHAM
AND CALICO.

PRICES: 50 Cents to \$3.00.

LEWIS E. STAPLES,

7 Market Street.

W.E. Paul

Sanitary Plumber,
Heating Engineer
and Contractor.

WINDMILLS AND PIPING.

SOLE AGENT FOR

MAGEE
Boston Heater Furnace

MAGEE
Grand Ranges and Stoves.

KITCHEN FURNISHING GOOD'S.

TELEPHONE 55-5.

89 to 45 Market Street.

CHAINLESS BICYCLES.

There is a growing demand for Chainless wheels. In the ORIENT chainless you have your choice of two styles of gear.

The bevel gear variety has been on the market and hardly needs description.

The Sager gear is of similar construction, with pin rollers substitutes for the beveled teeth on the power-receiving gear wheels.

The world's records made on the ORIENT Chainless fitted with this gear at Woodside Park, Philadelphia, in the fall of 1898 have thoroughly demonstrated its speed qualities.

PHILBRICK'S
BICYCLE STORE.

FRANKLIN BLOCK,
Portsmouth, N. H.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Washington Street.....	\$10,000
Union Street.....	2,000
Middle Street.....	2,000
Vaughan Street.....	6,000
Middle Street.....	6,000
Bethune Street.....	4,000
Melburne Road.....	3,000
Rocky Hill Avenue.....	3,000
State Street.....	2,000
State Street.....	2,000
Daniel Street.....	3,000
Bridges Street.....	2,500
Franklin Street.....	2,000
Madison Street.....	1,700
Mt. Vernon Street.....	1,700
Wentworth Street.....	1,700
Sparswick Street.....	1,700
Jefferson Street.....	1,700
Warren Street.....	1,600
School Street.....	1,600
Dearborn Street.....	1,400
Water Street.....	1,200
State Street.....	1,000
Clinton Street.....	900
and many others in Newcastle, Kittery, Green- land, etc.	
FARMS in large variety. House Lots all sizes and prices.	

Tobey's Real Estate Agency,
32 Congress Street.

WE HAVE

CANDY

At All Prices From
10 Cents a Pound Up.

Call and See Our Stock.

RALPH GREEN,
66 Congress Street.

THE HERALD.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19, 1899.

AN ENJOYABLE WHIST PARTY AT DOVER POINT.

The whist party given by the young ladies at Riverview hall on Monday evening was a very successful and enjoyable affair. There were ten tables of players present. The ladies' first prize was won by Miss Alice Morang; the gentlemen's, by C. H. Morang, Esq.; The ladies' consolation, by Miss Grace Clements; the gentlemen's, by D. L. Pinkham. A fine banquet was served.

The young ladies having the affair in charge were: The Misses Mabel and Florence Morang, Maggie and Casie Maguire, Margaret Coleman and Ida Pinkham.

The party broke up about twelve o'clock. The evening will long be remembered as one of the most social events of the season.

U. S. S. MARBLEHEAD ORDERED TO PACIFIC.

Orders have been issued by Secretary Long to the cruiser Marblehead to accompany the Newark to the Pacific ocean as a member of Rear Admiral Kautz's command. It is the understanding that the Texas will be placed in such a position that she will be readily available for duty in the Pacific if her services are required.

Orders to the Marblehead are not due, the officials say, to developments in the Samoan situation. They explain that the Pacific station covers a great area of territory and that the ships now attached to it are inadequate to attend to the many calls made upon them.

NEW AND ORIGINAL ADVERTISING.

It is interesting to watch the new ideas always to be found in the advertising of Hood's Sarsaparilla. The present line of advertisements is especially unique, each beginning with a familiar proverb and leading up to the good qualities of this famous medicine. The argument in every case is clinched by condensed testimonials from people the subject a great deal of attention for the past two or three months. *Foggy.*

The return of the Rev. William Warren to the pulpit of Trinity M. E. church of this city is gratifying to the members of the society and all others who attend the services there. In the time that he has been here, this clergyman has become known as a most zealous worker for the upbuilding of the church and a strong preacher of practical things.

The Kennebec Journal says that the police of Augusta are trying to clear the railroad station of the young women and girls who have been making it their trysting place, especially at the time of the afternoon and evening trains. Many girls in this city haunt the Boston and Maine station in like manner, to "pick up" handsome trainmen or any other fellows on the "mash."

I have often said that a Spaniard is a Spaniard, and you can't make him anything different. Hypocrisy, deceit, dishonesty and cruelty are bred in the Spanish blood and can never be eradicated. Here is a fresh instance in proof: Madame Nevada, the first American operatic singer who has visited Spain since the war, had arranged an operatic tour, but on the first night at Seville, though the house was bought up, the curtain rose on empty seats. The opera was "Lucia de Lammermoor." In the second act all the elite arrived together, but turned their backs to the stage and talked ostentatiously until the end of the opera, when on returning to acknowledge a burst of applause, Nevada was roundly hissed.

Bear Admiral Melville visited the yard some weeks ago he recommended that the big spar shed be converted into a big machine shop to be fitted with big moving cranes, etc., but the plan to secure the building failed. The admiral has made another try to enlarge the plant here and a special board has been appointed to make a report. This yard has no stronger friend than Engineer in Chief Melville.

MOVING PICTURES.

Edison's famous moving pictures were given in Music hall on Tuesday evening, before a large and interested audience. The pictures embraced sea fights, land battles, boating scenes, express trains running at full speed, firemen fighting a fire, and in fact about everything to thrill and interest the audience. A certain per cent of the door receipts go into the fund of the Methodist church.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Today, and every day next week, out advertised agents, the Globe Grocery Co., will sell you a box of Bucklin's Arnica Salve, "The Best Salve in the World," and guarantee it to cure Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt, Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cure Piles or money refunded.

H. E. BUCKLEN & CO.,
Chicago, Ill.

WORK WILL BE DONE HERE.

Nothing but an accident which would send the Raleigh to the bottom would prevent her from being rebuilt here and those who predict that she may be stolen are not aware of the fight that it took to win and the orders that followed. If the Raleigh is rebuilt at all, it will be done right here in Portsmouth.

CARRIER PIGEONS.

A basket containing six young carrier pigeons from the coys at the navy yard were sent to Hampton on the early train this morning where the American express agent had orders to release them. This is only a short flight as it was the first time the birds had been away from the coys.

Borofolia, salt jennum, oryzopsis and other distressing eruptive diseases yield quickly and permanently to the cleansing, purifying power of Burdock Blood Bitters.

TEA TABLE TALK.

SOMETIMES OR OTHER.
Sometime or other we'll do it—
The thing that we ought to do now;
So sometime or other, we'll faster
The laurel to our brow;
And we won't let'er the future,
But calmly lay us down
And dream of coming glories,
While Bill Smith gets the crown.

Sometimes or other we'll do it—
Marry the girl of our heart;
Sometime or other we'll join her
Never again to part;
And we shut our eyes in contentment,
While the girl we thought we had got
At last grows weary of waiting
And goes off with John Jenkins in a trot.

Sometimes or other we'll do it—
Get rich, and live at our ease;
Sometime or other we'll dwell in
Red clover-tops up to our knees;
And we think there's time enough for us.
And go to sleep once more,
White Sunflowers scoop our money
And drives off with our coach-and-four.

Sometimes or other we'll do it—
The thing that ought to be done
Fer the stars of to-night are shining,
And not by tomorrow's sun;
We think we can live forever,
So we never have care for today,
And never wake up till our chances
Are fled, and our hairs all gray.

Hampton has not yet chosen a chief of police. I see that Bert Colson has an ambition for the place. I believe that "Bob" Hodgkins hasn't entered the lists. Why not hire them both? They would hold the Hampton law breakers for a while.

Charlie Richmond, the newspaper correspondent, has been engaged to work up an illustrated article on the life-saving stations of our coast for the Granite Monthly. He has given the subject a great deal of attention for the past two or three months. *Foggy.*

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